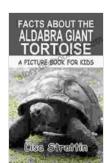
# Facts About The Aldabra Giant Tortoise Picture For Kids

The Aldabra giant tortoise is one of the largest tortoise species in the world. These massive reptiles can weigh up to 600 pounds and live for over 100 years. They are native to the Aldabra Atoll in the Seychelles, and they are an important part of the local ecosystem. Aldabra giant tortoises are herbivores, and they spend their days grazing on grasses and leaves. They are also very social animals, and they live in large herds. Aldabra giant tortoises are a threatened species, and there are only an estimated 100,000 of them left in the wild.

#### **Physical Appearance**

Aldabra giant tortoises are the largest land tortoises in the world. They can grow to be over 4 feet long and weigh up to 600 pounds. They have a long, oval-shaped shell that is brown or black in color. Their skin is gray or brown, and they have a long neck and tail. Aldabra giant tortoises have very strong legs and feet, which they use to support their massive weight.



### Facts About the Aldabra Giant Tortoise (A Picture Book For Kids 313) by Lisa Strattin

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ 5 out of 5 Language : English File size : 1475 KB : Enabled Text-to-Speech Screen Reader : Supported Enhanced typesetting: Enabled Word Wise : Enabled Print length : 42 pages : Enabled Lending



#### **Habitat**

Aldabra giant tortoises are native to the Aldabra Atoll in the Seychelles. The Aldabra Atoll is a group of coral islands that are located in the Indian Ocean. The atoll is a UNESCO World Heritage Site, and it is home to a variety of unique and endangered species. Aldabra giant tortoises live in a variety of habitats on the atoll, including grasslands, forests, and mangroves.

#### **Diet**

Aldabra giant tortoises are herbivores, and they spend their days grazing on grasses and leaves. They are also known to eat fruits, vegetables, and flowers. Aldabra giant tortoises need to eat a lot of food to maintain their large size. They can eat up to 10% of their body weight in food each day.

#### **Behavior**

Aldabra giant tortoises are very social animals, and they live in large herds. They are also very territorial, and they will defend their territory from other tortoises. Aldabra giant tortoises are slow-moving animals, and they spend most of their time basking in the sun or grazing on food. They are also very long-lived animals, and they can live for over 100 years.

#### Reproduction

Aldabra giant tortoises reach sexual maturity at around 25 years of age. They breed throughout the year, and females lay eggs in nests that they dig in the ground. The eggs hatch after about 120 days, and the baby tortoises

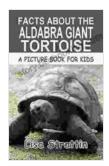
weigh about 1 pound each. Baby tortoises are very vulnerable to predators, and only a small percentage of them survive to adulthood.

#### Conservation

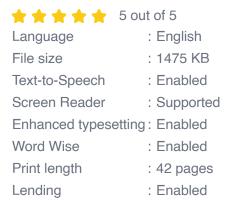
Aldabra giant tortoises are a threatened species, and there are only an estimated 100,000 of them left in the wild. The main threats to Aldabra giant tortoises are habitat loss, poaching, and introduced predators. The Seychelles government has taken a number of steps to protect Aldabra giant tortoises, including creating a national park on the Aldabra Atoll.



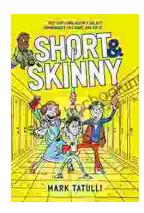
The Aldabra giant tortoise is an amazing creature that is a testament to the diversity of life on Earth. These massive reptiles are a vital part of the ecosystem on the Aldabra Atoll, and they are a symbol of the beauty and fragility of our planet.



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